

# NGA PSMS Implementation Collaborative

## The Journey of Sustaining Advances in Pipeline Safety & Strengthening Safety Culture.....

*Ensuring Reliability and Resiliency as we Transition to a Zero Carbon Economy*



**The Blacksmith Group**



## **Pipeline Safety Management System Execution Commitment**

*Membership Day-to-Day Focus on Operationalizing Pipeline Safety Strategy*

### **Learning from Our Past to Build Our Future.....**

*What started as a pledge to improve our safety performance has become our way of working together. Through the Northeast Gas Association (NGA), we collaborate to share information and continuously learn in a group setting because we know it's our best pathway to meet the standard we have set for ourselves and the public we serve.* In December of 2018, the NGA Board of Directors approved the creation of a Committee to specifically concentrate on embedding API RP 1173 Pipeline Safety Management Systems (PSMS) principles into day-to-day natural gas utility operations. The Committee's focus is on operationalizing a safety management system strategy by adopting a Plan-Do-Check-Act (PDCA) framework applicable to daily engineering, construction, operations, and maintenance activities. **Our leaders' line of sight on how this strategy drives down risk will be an ongoing, evergreen process.** NGA's members are committed to applying these (basic) principles of continuous improvement *with every decision and every action*, with the goal of zero incidents.

# *The Past, Present & Future of Pipeline Safety*

We All Know the PSMS Elements,  
But Can We See How Operators Integrate Them as a Continuum?

*Follow our Journey !!*





### NGA PSMS Implementation Collaborative



Over 2,000 Engagements with Employees

25 Engagements with Executives



15 Gap Analyses, Road Maps & Reports



Over 50 Identified Leading Practices



Over 25,000 Employees in the 2021 NGA Gas Distribution Pipeline Safety Culture Assessment – Largest LDC Assessment Ever !



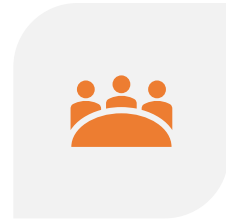
The Blacksmith Group



**PSMS Committee Leadership: Chair – Megan Cyr, Eversource, Vice Chairs – Jay Jani, Con Ed & Pat Levesque, WG+E**

# NGA Collaborative Phase I PSMS Tasks

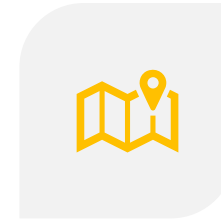
## Understanding What, Why & How ?



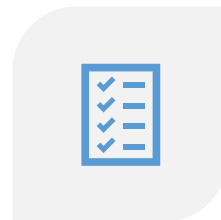
TASK 1 – INITIAL  
MEETINGS WITH  
MEMBERS



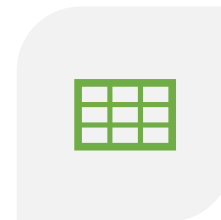
TASK 2 – RP 1173 GAP  
ANALYSIS / BUILD-ON



TASK 3 – RP 1173  
ROAD MAP



TASK 4 – TACTICAL  
GUIDE CONCEPT &  
PROTOTYPES



TASK 5 – METRICS /  
INFORMATION SHARING  
CONCEPT DEVELOPMENT

# Task 1 - Initial Membership Meetings & Leadership Engagement



An invitation is extended to Organization Leadership to ensure engagement and discuss the “what, why, how” & “build-on” approach to PSMS

Establishing a bond in this way creates both engagement and ensures walk-the-talk commitment

A memorable connection is established that solidifies the PSMS value proposition and Leadership belief in the process

## **Task 1 – Initial Meetings With Members**

### **Half-Day Meeting at Organization Headquarters Discussion with Top Management**

- Review of work done to conform with RP 1173
- Blacksmith Perspectives on RP 1173
- Preparation for Gap Analysis
- Key First Steps
- Deliverable – Leading Practices and Key Shares

# Pipeline Safety Management System

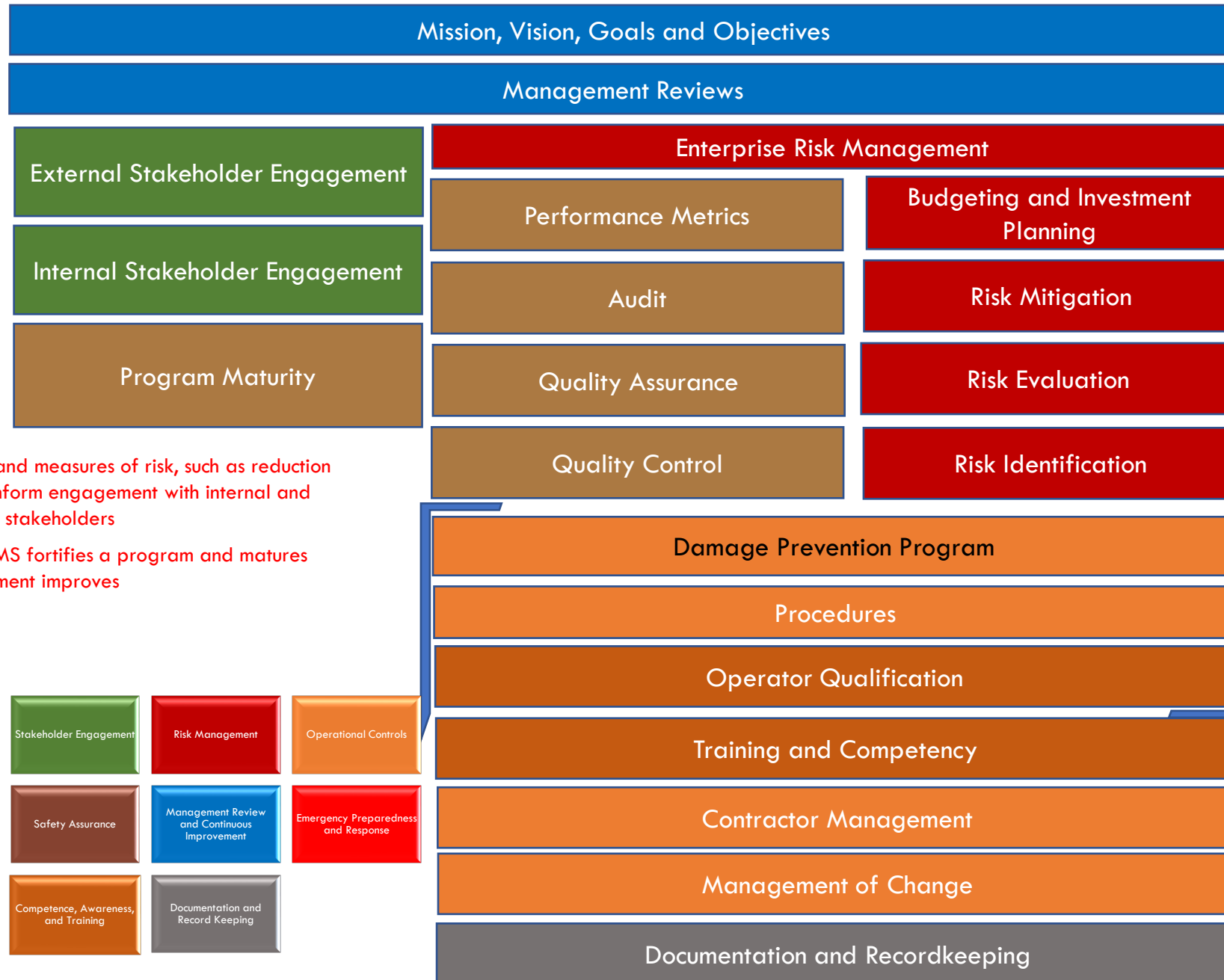




# Pipeline Safety Management System “Build-On’s”



# How Does A Pipeline Safety Management System Work?



A PSMS strengthens and fortifies programs such as Damage Prevention.

The regulatory foundation of Damage Prevention is procedures, op quals and documentation; supported by ER to address incidents

A PSMS strengthens a program with a focus on training and competency; recognizing the critical role of contractors and MOC

A PSMS ensures that program goals and objectives are in sync with organization mission and objectives  
Safety assurance is provided in a three-tiered Manner.

Safety assurance provides quality work and good data to support risk management.

Metrics and measures of risk, such as reduction in risk inform engagement with internal and external stakeholders

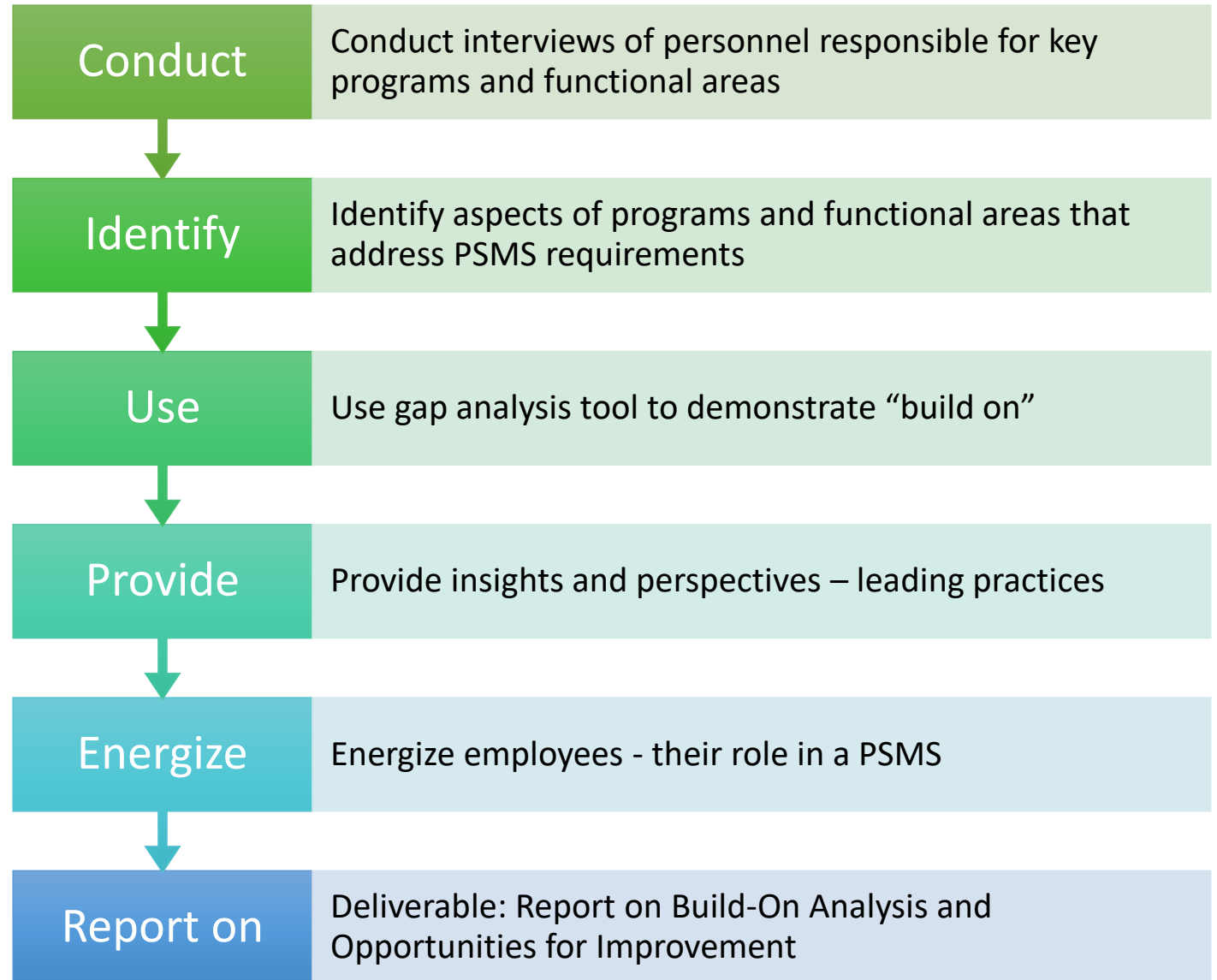
As a PSMS fortifies a program and matures engagement improves

When incidents do occur, the EP is implemented. Incidents are formally investigated and lessons learned are documented and shared throughout the organization, including improvements to risk management

Risk management including use of risk registers inform budgeting and investment planning, and combined with metrics inform enterprise risk and management reviews



## Task 2 – Members Gap Analysis



# NGA PSMS Task 2 Deliverable Gap Analysis/ Build-On Workbook

Requirements of RP 1173

A Tab for Each of the 10 Elements

A	D	E
	<b>Section 5 - Leadership and Management Commitment</b>	<b>Section 5 - Leadership and Management Commitment</b>
4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Describe what actions taken by your (operator) Top Management (executive Leadership) to establish and maintain a PSMS?</li> <li>- Describe the goals and objectives for PSMS implementation and improvement established by Top Management?</li> <li>- Do the goals and objectives include the assessment of PSMS effectiveness, maturity and the safety culture and the use of metrics/KPIs?</li> <li>- Describe how goals and objectives been shared/communicated to the organization?</li> </ul>	<p><b>Top Management Actions/PSMS Goals &amp; Objectives</b></p> <p>Observations</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Top Management has established resources for the implementation of the PSMS</li> <li>- Senior Engineer established as leader of Gas business implementation effort</li> <li>- Top leader meets with his safety committee monthly - "continually breathing safety into" the organization.</li> <li>- Budget established including participating in joint NGA PSMS gap assessment effort</li> <li>- Interest expressed in establishing similar type safety management system for Electric business</li> <li>- Current goals and objectives include implementation of the PSMS</li> <li>- Annual goals/objectives are established for key risk reduction activities - metrics used to track             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+ bare steel service replacement (x per year), cast iron (x miles per year), coated steel</li> </ul> </li> <li>- Goals/objectives are communicated primarily by business line leads (Gas/Electric/Fiber)</li> <li>+ Annual meeting held where employees can hear the G/O and metrics from business line leadership (meeting attendance is optional)</li> <li>- Interactive goals/objectives allows 'holistic' approach to improvements</li> <li>- Routine meetings (monthly) are held with Top Management to review progress towards goals/objectives including PSMS</li> </ul> <p>Build On</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Existing Top Management goals and objectives review process</li> </ul> <p>Opportunities</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Management Review opportunities discussed during Mngt Review and Cont. Improvement section (S - Short Term)</li> <li>- Develop and deploy a formal PSMS implementation plan. Communicate and steward plan to the organization.</li> <li>- Develop an overall PSMS governance process that includes scope, element health, long-term planning and role/responsibilities (M - Medium Term)</li> </ul>
5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Has Top Management designated individuals in leadership positions within the organization who are accountable for implementation/improvement of the PSMS elements?</li> <li>- Has the organization created processes to support implementation and improvement of each PSMS element?</li> <li>- How has the organization ensured that there is a clear connection between goals/objectives and day-to-day work activities?</li> <li>- Do the processes support sharing information (data, risks results and learnings) across relevant functions within the organization?</li> </ul>	<p><b>PSMS Leadership Positions/Connecting G/Os to Day-to-Day Activities</b></p> <p>Observations</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Senior Engineer Established as PSMS implementation lead</li> <li>- Supported by Gas business Superintendent and Engineer</li> <li>- Formal implementation plan has not yet been established</li> <li>- Awaiting output of gap assessment before developing plan</li> <li>- General Manager has communicated the importance of and is in support of RP1173 (Why)</li> </ul> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Line of site established between risk reduction goals (bare steel, cast iron, etc.) and field work completed by employees</li> <li>- Strong line of site between PSMS element goals and objectives and field personnel and work has not been established</li> </ul> <p>Opportunities</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Expand line of sight to specific PSMS goals and objectives (M - Medium Term)</li> <li>- Ensure that the PSMS lead has the resources necessary to facilitate implementation of the PSMS.</li> </ul>
6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Describe how Top Management has fostered routine processes to reveal, quantify and reduce risk?</li> <li>- Does the budgeting and resource planning process include implementation and improvement of the PSMS?</li> <li>- Has Top Mngt established a policy that connects performance appraisal and recognition to support for PSMS?</li> </ul>	<p><b>Revealing Risk/Budgeting &amp; Resources</b></p> <p>Observations</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Top management encourages employees and contractors to reveal risks, issues and concerns (informal process)</li> <li>- feedback from employees - believe that their input is received and used.</li> </ul> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Established a budget for the PSMS gap assessment - awaiting gap assessment information to help broaden PSMS resource planning.</li> </ul> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- No direct discussion about linking appraisal and compensation to PSMS</li> </ul>

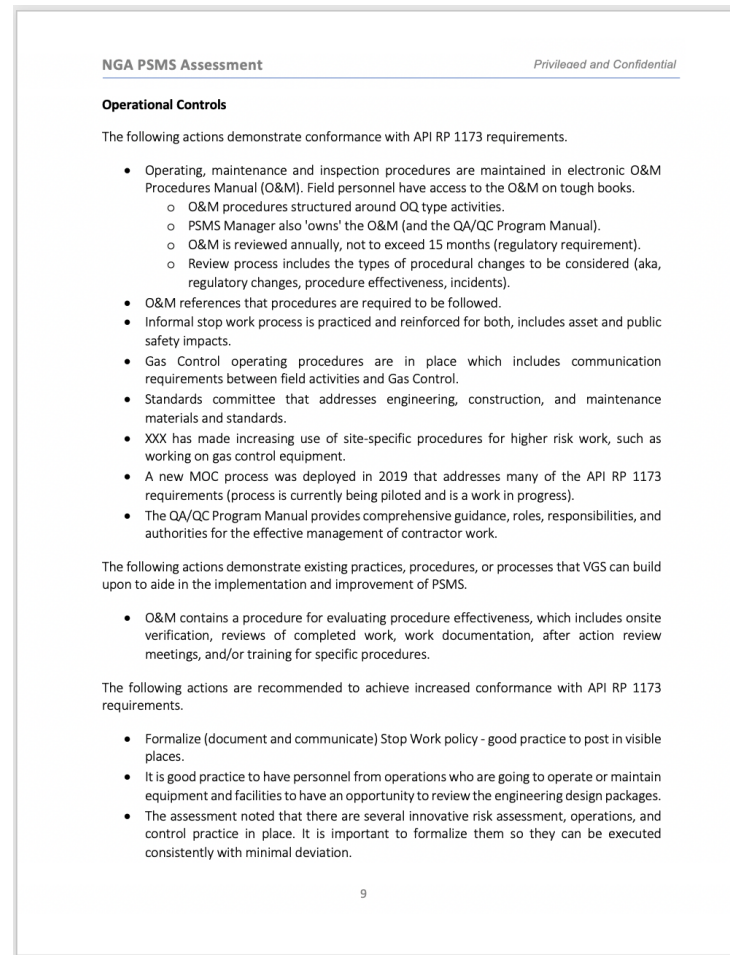
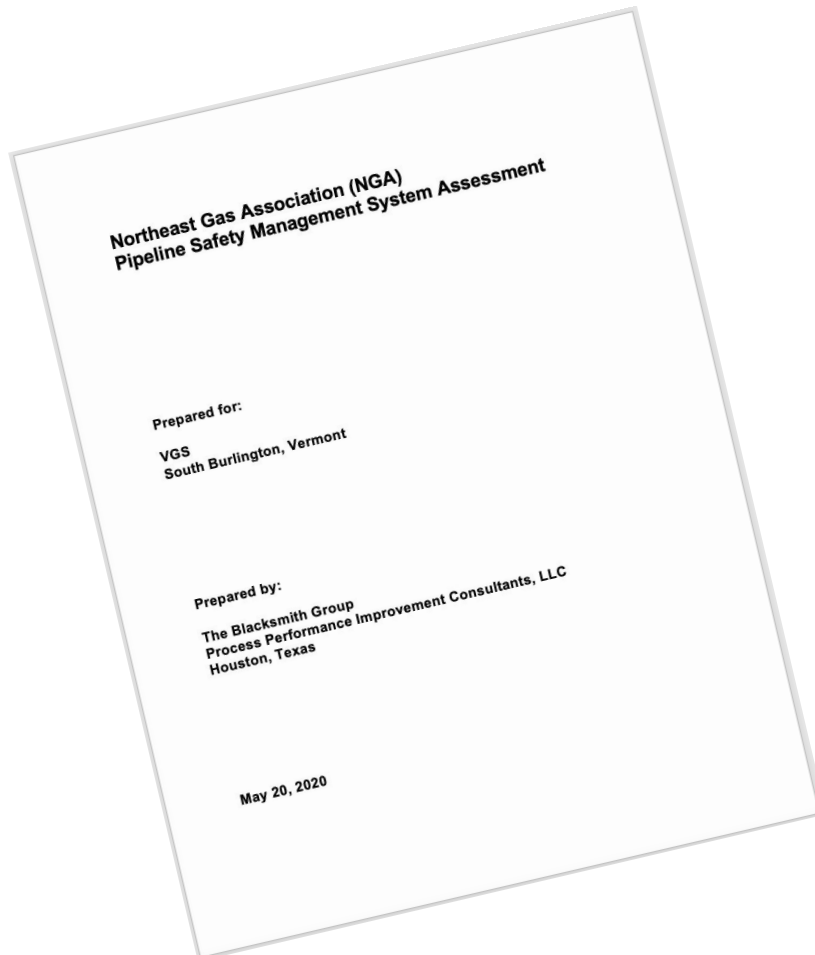
A	D	E
	<b>RP1173 Protocol Questions</b>	<b>Assessment Comments</b>
	<b>Section 7 - Risk Management</b>	<b>Section 7 - Risk Management</b>
18	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Describe your (operator) procedure for the managing/stewarding risk, including assigning authority, responsibility and accountability for risk based decisions?</li> <li>- Does the risk procedure analyze risk considering the likelihood and consequence including multiple and interacting threats?</li> <li>- Describe how your (operator) evaluates pipeline safety risk and how decisions on preventive controls, monitoring, and mitigation measures are made?</li> <li>- Do you (operator) maintain a description of the assets comprising the pipeline, including the surrounding environment, used to identify threats to pipeline safety.</li> </ul>	<p><b>Procedures for Managing Risk</b></p> <p>Primary risk management process is the DIMP plan which covers integrity and risk for the distribution system and regulator stations - provided by xxxx.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Covers risk assessments on pressure regulator stations - x stations</li> <li>- Gas Division Manager is responsible for approval of the annual DIMP plan.</li> <li>- Engineer is accountable for executing the plan.</li> <li>- Spreadsheets are used to consolidate risk input data.</li> <li>- Updated two years ago</li> </ul> <p>Between the prior version of the plan and the 2017 update, xxxxx was identified as a key risk. Decided to address the risk proactively - survey and prompt replacement as condition warrants.</p> <p>Working to upgrade shut off valves (critical valves) - valves are marked in field and digitized within the GIS system.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- As part of replacement process, valve locations are being verified and updated in the GIS system.</li> </ul> <p>Practice is to treat every leak as a grade 1 leak and the goal is to have zero unrepaired leaks extending into the following year's work.</p>
19	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Where there are historical gaps in data, describe the actions you (operator) take to close the data gaps or use conservative assumptions in setting operating parameters until a gap can be closed.</li> <li>- Does the data include information for the entire lifecycle of the pipeline system?</li> <li>- Document how root causes and lessons learned from internal and external incidents is used in the risk management process?</li> </ul>	<p><b>Historical Gaps/Lessons Learned</b></p> <p>Limited number of historical gaps in distribution and service lines</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Most of the gaps are related to sections of pipe or lines</li> <li>- As new mains and service lines are replaced, the service lines are digitized</li> <li>- Digitizing critical valves and locations.</li> </ul> <p>Build Upon</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- XX appears to have a working process for maintaining accurate records and closing data gaps in the GIS.</li> </ul> <p>Opportunity</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Describe how root causes and lessons learned from internal and external events (Lessons Learned).</li> <li>- Ensure risk management process incorporates learnings from internal and external events (Lessons Learned).</li> </ul>
20	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Describe your (operator) process to identify threats that are posed by operations and the operating environment, including changes in conditions that could occur between assessments.</li> <li>- Describe the process you (operator) use to identify and manage risks associated with multiple, interacting threats?</li> <li>- Describe the various risk management tools you (operator) employ to evaluate the likelihood and severity of threats?</li> <li>- Are risk assessments updated as conditions change? Describe.</li> </ul>	<p><b>Threat Identification and Risk Management Tools</b></p> <p>Threat evaluation is built into the Risk Spreadsheet process.</p> <p>xxxxCAD has the base data - GIS is for viewing and display - fully converting to GIS.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- xxxxx GIS -</li> <li>- Used Town flyover for layers.</li> <li>- GIS shows color code for meters and when meter change out needs to occur.</li> </ul> <p>No HP gas on inside meters - nothing more than 1/4 psi in basements.</p> <p>Opportunity:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Use Lessons Learned from involvement in NGA to challenge threats considered and more broadly the basis of risk modeling.</li> </ul>

Observations: Organization's Basis for Meeting the Requirements

Opportunities to Conform



# NGA PSMS Task 3 Deliverable Build-On and Road Map Report



Take Workbook and Generates  
A Word Document – Report (~30 p.)

Will Categorize Opportunities Into  
Short, Medium and Long Term

High-Level Road Map

Detailed GANT Chart

# Pipeline Safety Management System Roadmap

1. Benchmark Maturity Assessment Methods – CFATS, API Tools, Peer Operators
2. Continue Routine Management Reviews and Define Improvements



## Year 4 Work To Mature



## Year 3 Assess Implementation

1. Conduct Routine Management Reviews and Define Improvements
2. Undertake Coalition Building for Supervisors
3. Continue to Address Opportunities Within Programs and Elements
4. Benchmark Elements
5. Assess Implementation

## Year 2 Project Close Out Begin Implementation



1. Conduct Routine Management Reviews and Define Improvements
2. Continue to Address Opportunities Within Programs and Through Elements
3. Evaluate and Improve Stakeholder Engagement
4. Refine PSMS Metrics



## Second Six Months Project Phase

1. Define Opportunities to be Addressed Within Existing Programs
2. Define Element Owners to Address Short Term Opportunities
3. Undertake Coalition Building at Executive and Director Levels
4. Develop Routine Communication About PSMS
5. Formalize Management of Change
6. Participate in NGA Safety Culture Survey



## First Six Months Project Phase

1. Establish a PSMS Steering Committee
2. Define PSMS Governance Structure
3. Develop a PSMS Description Document
4. Deploy Initial Project Team
5. Combine Existing Selected Management Reviews Making PSMS Management Reviews Routine

# Task 3 - NGA PSMS Compendium Report

## Northeast Gas Association (NGA) Pipeline Safety Management System Assessment Compendium Report

Prepared for:  
Northeast Gas Association  
Needham, MA

Prepared by:  
The Blacksmith Group  
Process Performance Improvement Consultants, LLC  
Houston, Texas

October 15, 2020

### NGA PSMS Assessment

*Privileged and Confidential*

#### Operational Controls

The following actions demonstrate conformance with API RP 1173 requirements.

- Operating, maintenance and inspection procedures are maintained in electronic O&M Procedures Manual (O&M). Field personnel have access to the O&M on tough books.
  - O&M procedures structured around OQ type activities.
  - PSMS Manager also 'owns' the O&M (and the QA/QC Program Manual).
  - O&M is reviewed annually, not to exceed 15 months (regulatory requirement).
  - Review process includes the types of procedural changes to be considered (aka, regulatory changes, procedure effectiveness, incidents).
- O&M references that procedures are required to be followed.
- Informal stop work process is practiced and reinforced for both, includes asset and public safety impacts.
- Gas Control operating procedures are in place which includes communication requirements between field activities and Gas Control.
- Standards committee that addresses engineering, construction, and maintenance materials and standards.
- XXX has made increasing use of site-specific procedures for higher risk work, such as working on gas control equipment.
- A new MOC process was deployed in 2019 that addresses many of the API RP 1173 requirements (process is currently being piloted and is a work in progress).
- The QA/QC Program Manual provides comprehensive guidance, roles, responsibilities, and authorities for the effective management of contractor work.

The following actions demonstrate existing practices, procedures, or processes that VGS can build upon to aid in the implementation and improvement of PSMS.

- O&M contains a procedure for evaluating procedure effectiveness, which includes onsite verification, reviews of completed work, work documentation, after action review meetings, and/or training for specific procedures.

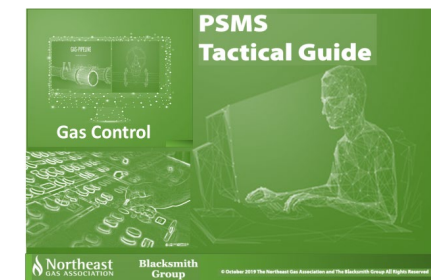
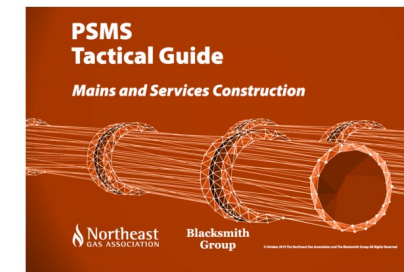
The following actions are recommended to achieve increased conformance with API RP 1173 requirements.

- Formalize (document and communicate) Stop Work policy - good practice to post in visible places.
- It is good practice to have personnel from operations who are going to operate or maintain equipment and facilities to have an opportunity to review the engineering design packages.
- The assessment noted that there are several innovative risk assessment, operations, and control practice in place. It is important to formalize them so they can be executed consistently with minimal deviation.

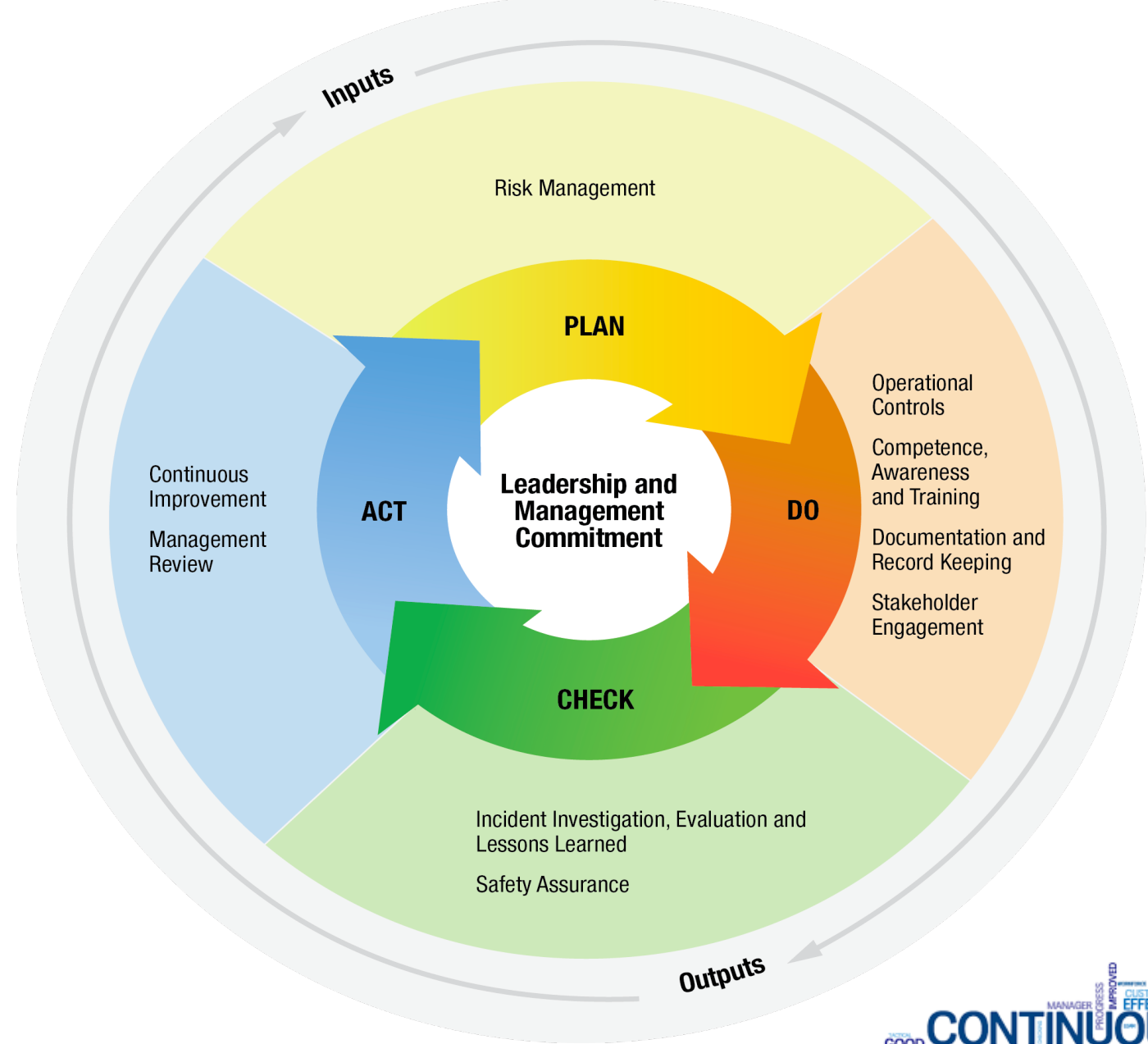


# Task 4 Tactical Guides.... *Bridging the Strategy Implementation Gap*

- Pressure Regulation, Control & Odorization
- Mains & Services Construction
- Gas Control
- Distribution System Maintenance
- Damage Prevention
- Engineering Design & Integrity Management
- Pipeline Safety Stakeholder Engagement
- LNG Operations
- Emergency Preparedness & Response



# Plan, Do, Check, Act Model is at the Core of EDR and PSMS/API RP 1173



- *Continuous Improvement is the Goal*



# Plan, Do, Check, Act Model - *Operationalizing Strategy*

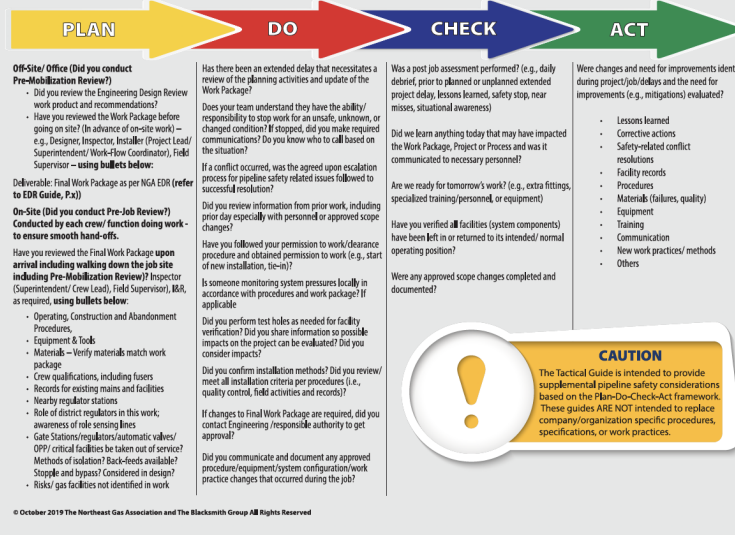


- ✓ Continuous Improvement is the goal, Tactical Guides are the “Vehicle” .....
- ✓ The PDCA at its heart needs Leadership guiding the continuum of processes, seeking connectivity between programs/elements & day-to-day operations
- ✓ Framework of checks and balances to ensure facility construction, operation and maintenance are performed consistently and provide pipeline operating organizations with the fundamental rules to ensure sustainable positive safety outcomes.

# NGA PSMS Tactical Guides

Operationalization of PSMS

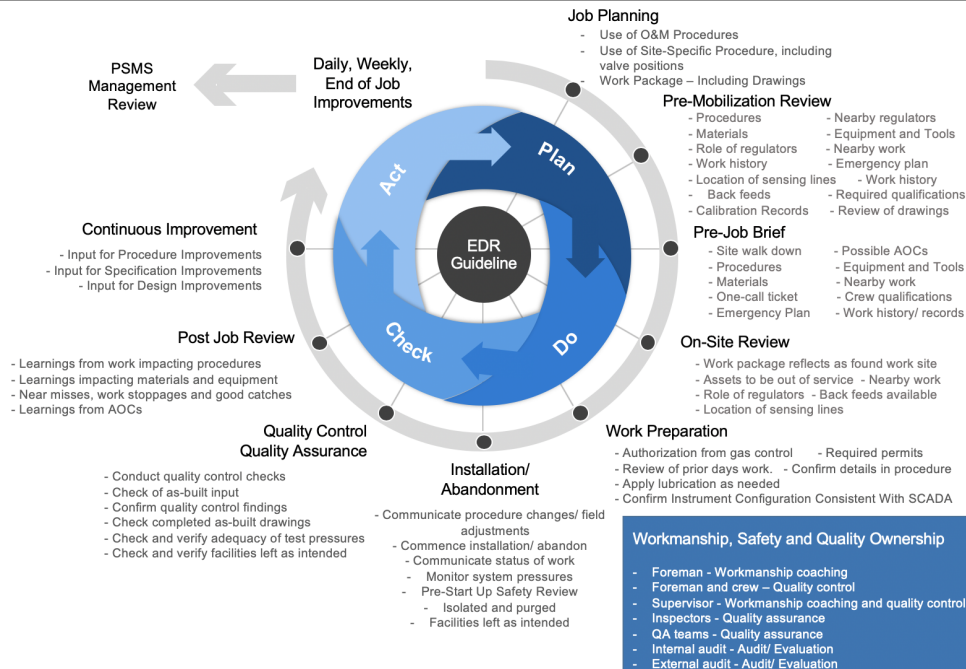
## Mains & Services Construction



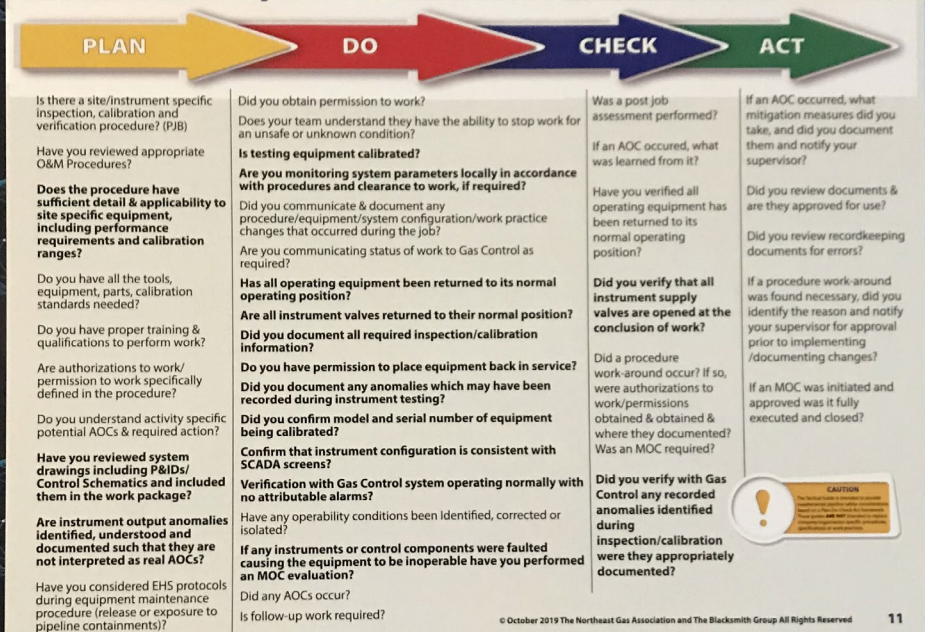
## Three Proof of Concept Tactical Guides

- Mains and Services Construction
- Pressure Regulation, Control and Odorization
- Gas Control

## Pressure Regulation and Control



## Instrument Inspection, Calibration & Verification



# Safety Management System Resource Center



## Pipeline SMS Execution Commitment

*What started as a pledge to improve our safety performance has become our way of working together. Through the Northeast Gas Association (NGA), we collaborate to share information and continuously learn in a group setting because we know it's our best pathway to meet the standard we have set for ourselves and the public we serve.* In December of 2018, the NGA Board of Directors approved the creation of a Committee to specifically concentrate on embedding API RP 1173 Pipeline Safety Management Systems (PSMS) principles into day-to-day natural gas utility operations. The Committee's focus is on operationalizing a safety management system strategy by adopting a Plan-Do- Check-Act (PDCA) framework applicable to daily engineering, construction, operations, and maintenance activities. **Our leaders' line of sight on how this strategy drives down risk will be an ongoing, evergreen process.** NGA's members are committed to applying these (basic) principles of continuous improvement *with every decision and every action*, with the goal of zero incidents.

[Commitment Statement](#)



## Information Resources

[Access to API RP 1173 - Pipeline Safety Management System](#)

[API RP 1173 Factsheet](#)

[Pipeline SMS Planning Tools](#)

[Pipeline SMS Implementation Tools](#)

[Pipeline SMS Maturity Modeling](#)

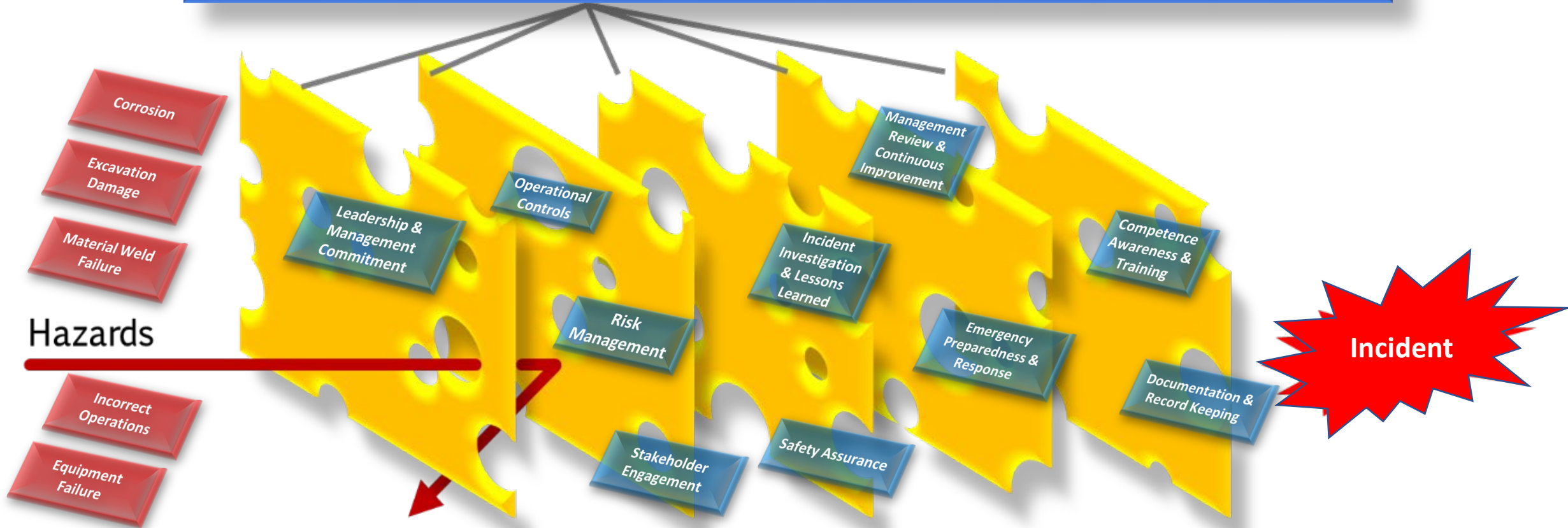
[Chevron OEMS Overview](#)

[Enbridge Safety Management System](#)

[ExxonMobil OIMS Framework Brochure](#)

[Voluntary Information Sharing System Working Group Federal Advisory Committee - Final Report](#)

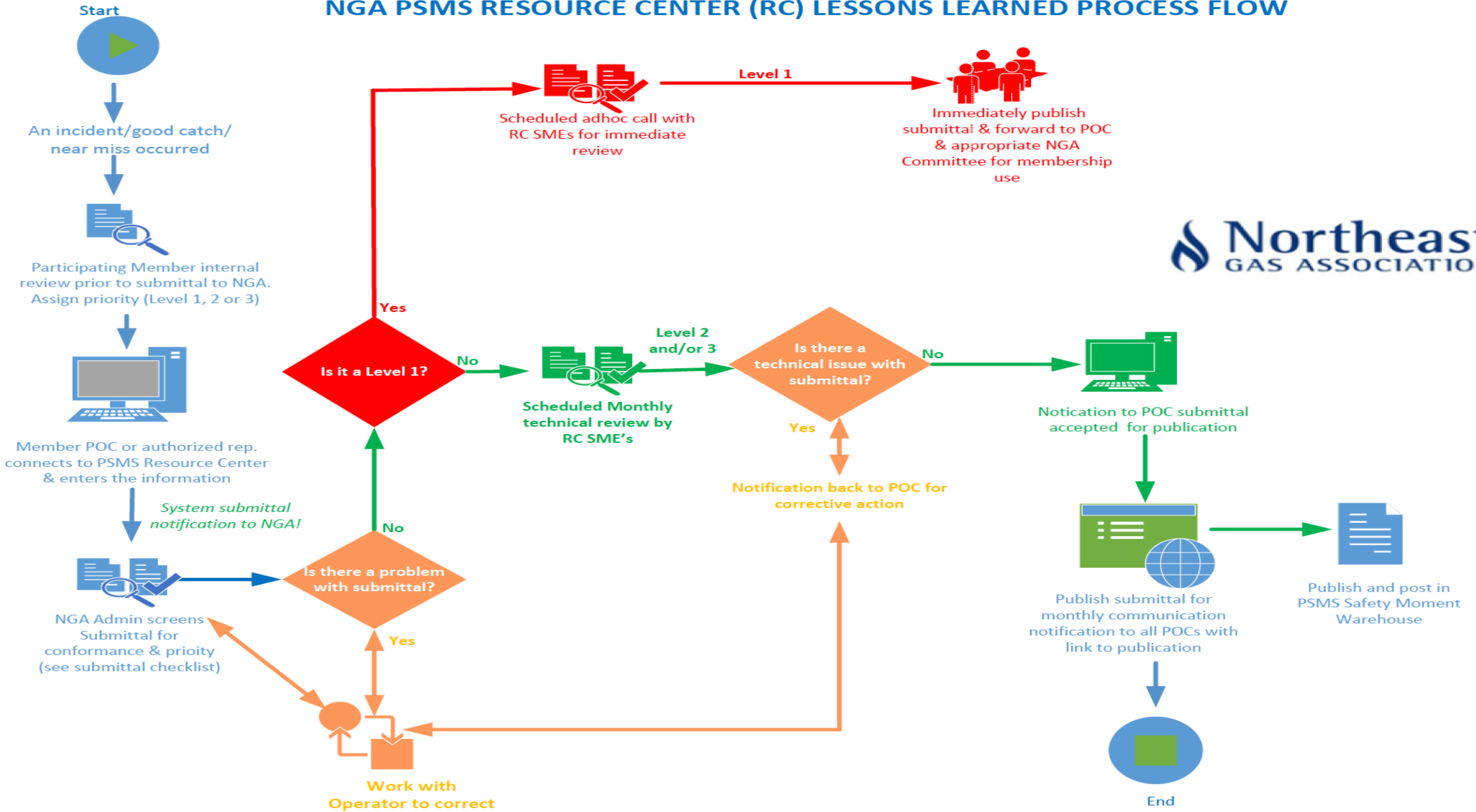
# Closing the Holes in the Swiss Cheese - Pipeline Safety Management Systems



Accelerating Learning Through Information Sharing

# Operator

## NGA PSMS RESOURCE CENTER (RC) LESSONS LEARNED PROCESS FLOW



# Construction Lessons Learned

## Date Range

Jan 1, 2021 - Sep 2, 2021



[O&M Results](#)

Source of Finding	Type of Construction	Main or Service	Finding Basis	Material Finding	Material	Count
1. Regulatory Audit	Maintenance	Main	Design	-	Steel	2
2. Internal Audit	New	Service	Design Materials	Pipe Fittings	Cast/Wrought Iron	1
3. Internal QC Finding	Replacement	Main	Design Materials	Valves	Copper	1
4. Pipeline Quality Tailboard	Pressure Regulator Set Construction	-	Materials	Pipe Valves	Wood	1
5. Near Miss / Good Catch	Meter Station Construction	-	Materials	Pipe problem	Plastic	1
6. Near Miss / Good Catch	Maintenance	Main	Materials Workmanship	Valves	Steel	1
7. Regulatory Audit	Maintenance	Main	Design Materials	Pipe	Steel	1
8. Regulatory Audit	New	Service	Materials	Valves	Unknown	1
9. Internal QC Finding	New	Main	Design Materials	Pipe	Reconditioned Cast Iron	1
1... Pipeline Safety Tailboard	Maintenance	Service	Design	-	Ductile Iron	1

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### (Ferrous Data)

Date of Finding	Steel Type	Outside Diameter	Wall Thickness	Metal Joining Method
Jan 5, 2021	Single SAW	0.405	0.049	Tie-in Weld
Jan 8, 2021	-	-	-	Mechanical Joining

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### (Plastic Data)

Date of Finding	Plastic Type	Plastic Fusion	1 Material Joined	2 Material Joined
Jan 5, 2021	-	-	-	-
Jan 8, 2021	-	-	-	-
Feb 17, 2021	-	-	-	-

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### (Qualitative Assessment)

Human Factors	Competency & Qual	Causal	Provide a brief text description of the finding in the box below
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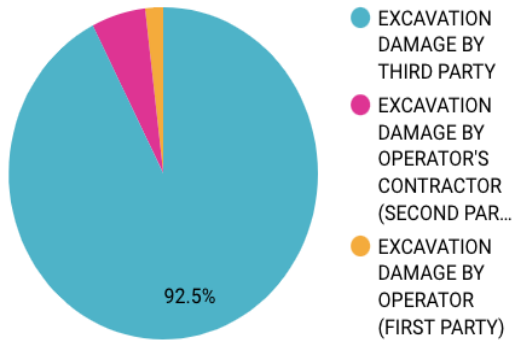


Incident Count  
**53**

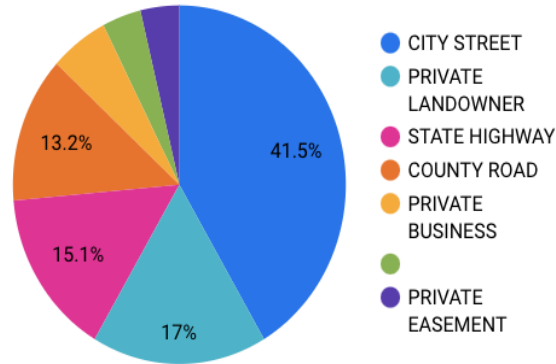
# Excavation Damage - Gas Distribution Incident Data (2010 - Present)

[Next](#) [Last](#)

Excavation Type



ROW Type



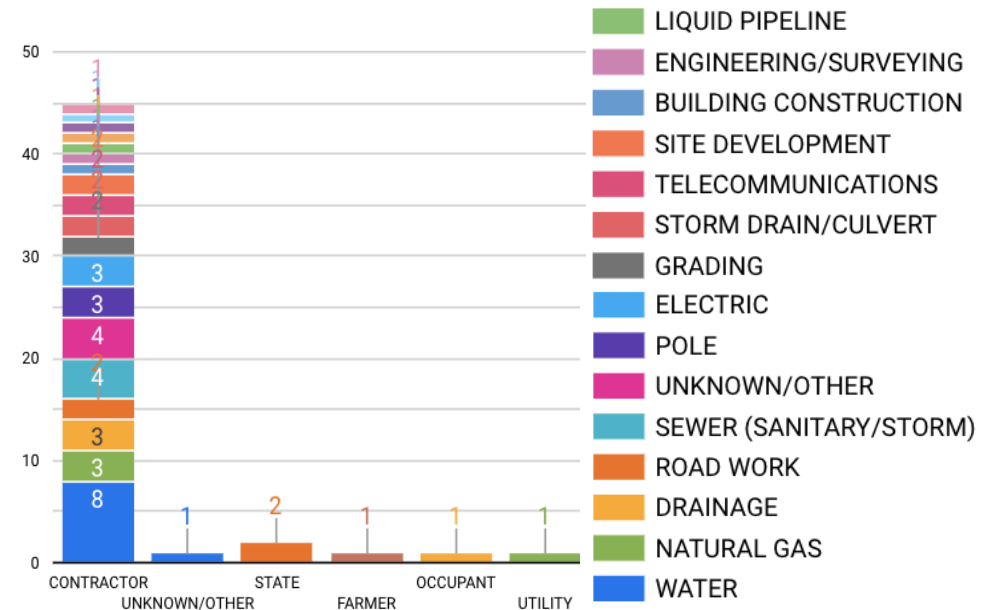
Notification Type

Operator	One Call	Excavator	Contractor	Landowner	#
YES	YES	-	-	-	25
NO	NO	-	-	-	17
-	YES	-	-	-	4
NO	YES	-	-	-	3
YES	NO	-	YES	-	1
YES	NO	-	-	-	1
YES	YES	-	YES	-	1
YES	YES	YES	-	-	1

State (7) Records

- CT
- NH
- AK 2
- AL 4
- AR 3
- AZ 5

Excavator by Work Type



Excavation Type	Root Cause	Root Cause (Other)	Detail	#
EXCAVATION DAMAGE BY THIRD PARTY	ONE-CALL NOTIFICATION PRACTICES NOT SUFFICIENT	-	NO NOTIFICATION MADE TO THE ONE-CALL CENTER	12
EXCAVATION DAMAGE BY THIRD PARTY	EXCAVATION PRACTICES NOT SUFFICIENT	-	FAILURE TO USE HAND TOOLS WHERE REQUIRED	7
EXCAVATION DAMAGE BY THIRD PARTY	EXCAVATION PRACTICES NOT SUFFICIENT	-	EXCAVATION PRACTICES NOT SUFFICIENT (OTHER)	6
EXCAVATION DAMAGE BY THIRD PARTY	LOCATING PRACTICES NOT SUFFICIENT	-	FACILITY MARKING OR LOCATION NOT SUFFICIENT	6
EXCAVATION DAMAGE BY THIRD PARTY	EXCAVATION PRACTICES NOT SUFFICIENT	-	FAILURE TO VERIFY LOCATION BY TEST-HOLD (POT-HOLING)	3
EXCAVATION DAMAGE BY THIRD PARTY	LOCATING PRACTICES NOT SUFFICIENT	-	INCORRECT FACILITY RECORDS/MAPS	3
EXCAVATION DAMAGE BY THIRD PARTY	EXCAVATION PRACTICES NOT SUFFICIENT	-	FAILURE TO MAINTAIN THE MARKS	2
EXCAVATION DAMAGE BY	EXCAVATION PRACTICES	WORKING OUTSIDE OF	EXCAVATION PRACTICES	1

# NGA PSMS – Initial Metrics – 2021 *Targeted Phase 1 and Selected Phase 2*

Lagging Metrics Reported in  
Annual and Incident Reports

- Miles of main
- Numbers of services
- Leaks and leaks repaired by cause
- Incidents by cause

## Leadership and Management Commitment

- % of leadership meetings completed [Planned versus Actual]
- % of action items identified and closed out

## Risk Management

- Miles of main and numbers of services, planned and replaced
- # of emergent risks revealed
- Leak mitigation associated with main segments replaced

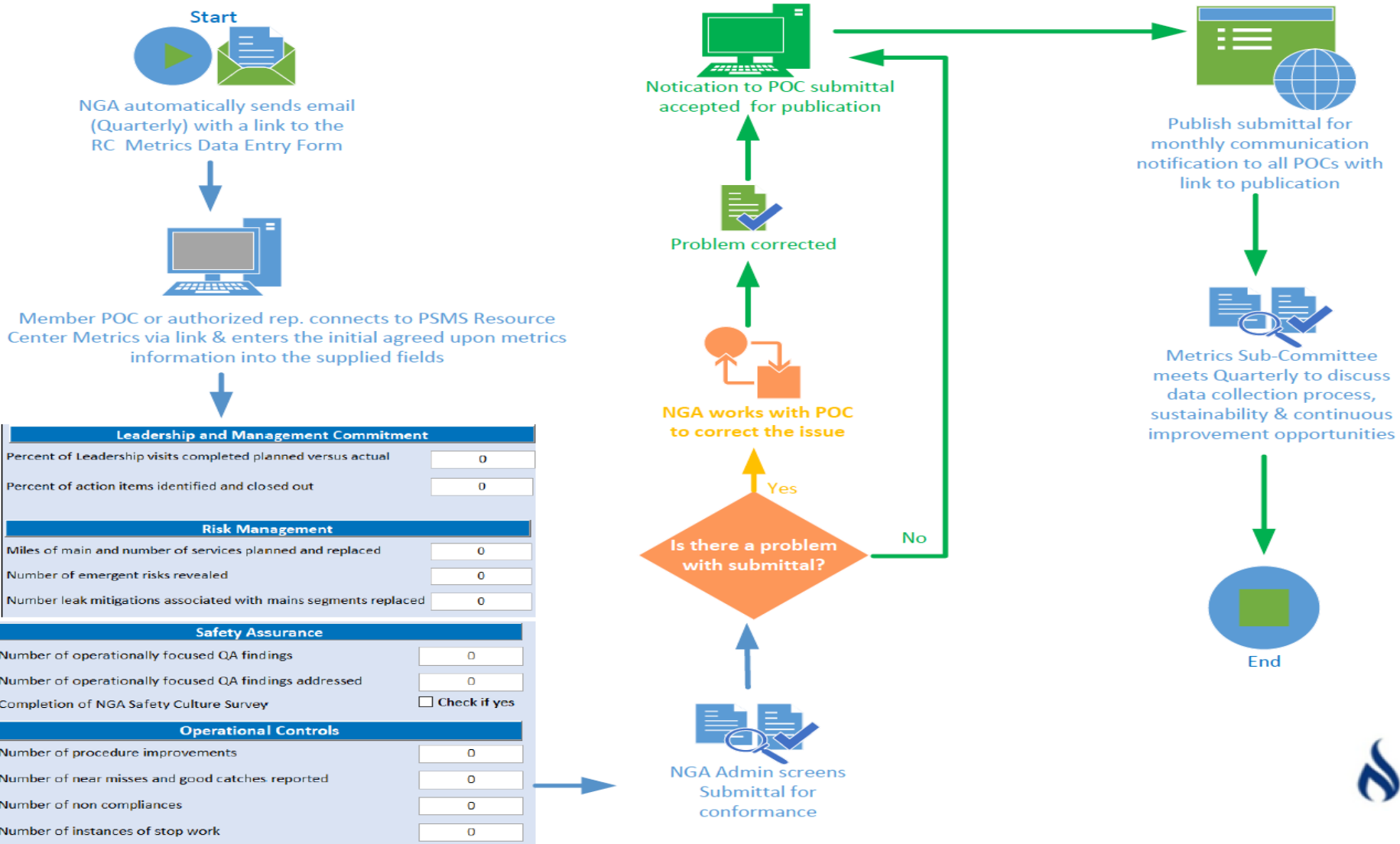
## Operational Controls

- # of procedure improvements
- # of near misses/ good catches reported
- # of non-compliances
- # of instances of stop work

## Safety Assurance

- # of operationally focused QA Findings identified
- # of operationally focused QA Findings addressed
- Completion of NGA Safety Culture Assessment

# NGA PSMS IMPLEMENTATION COLLABORATIVE RESOURCE CENTER (RC) CONTINUOUS IMPROVEMENT METRICS REPORTING PROCESS FLOW

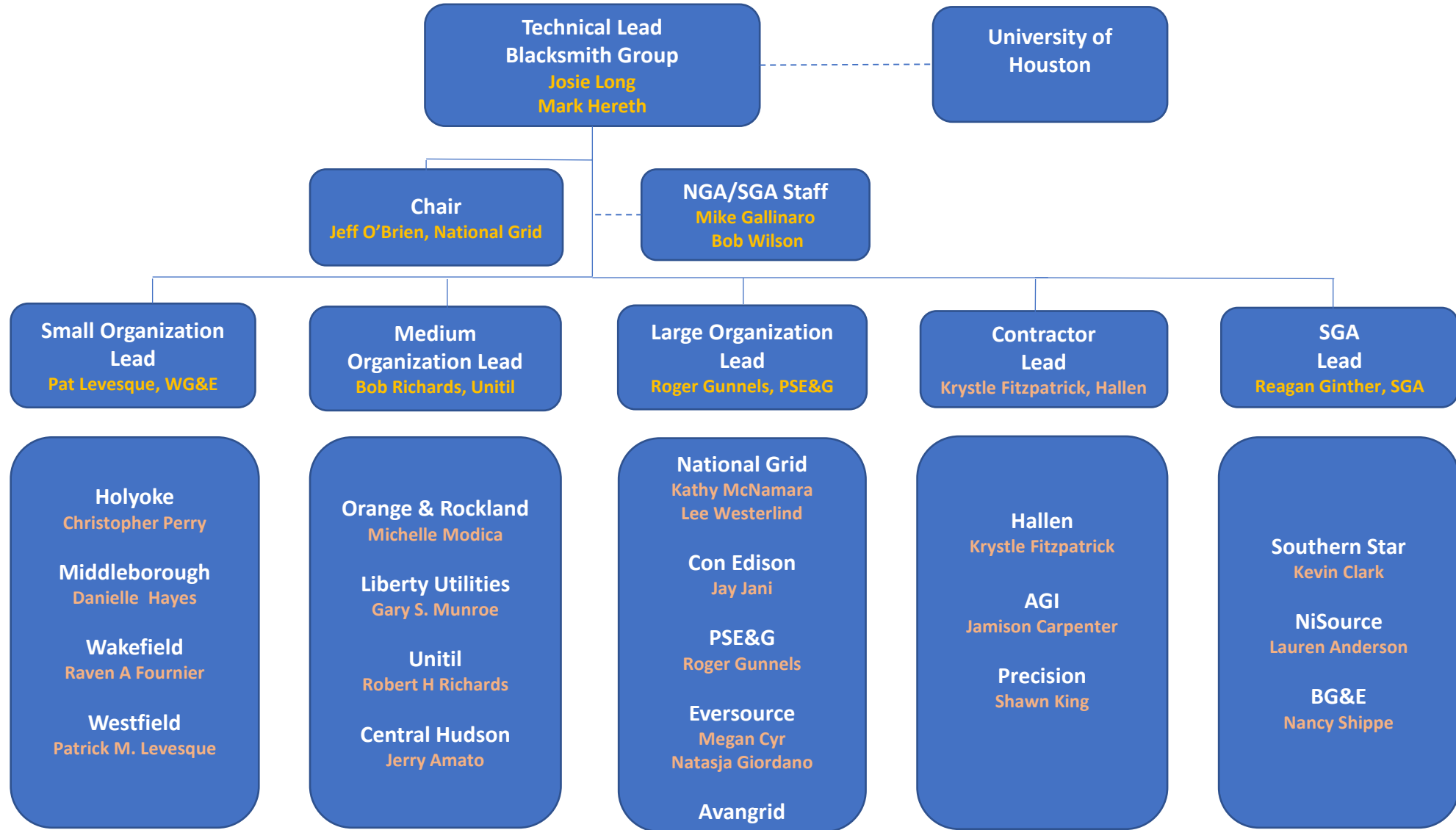


# What is Safety Culture?

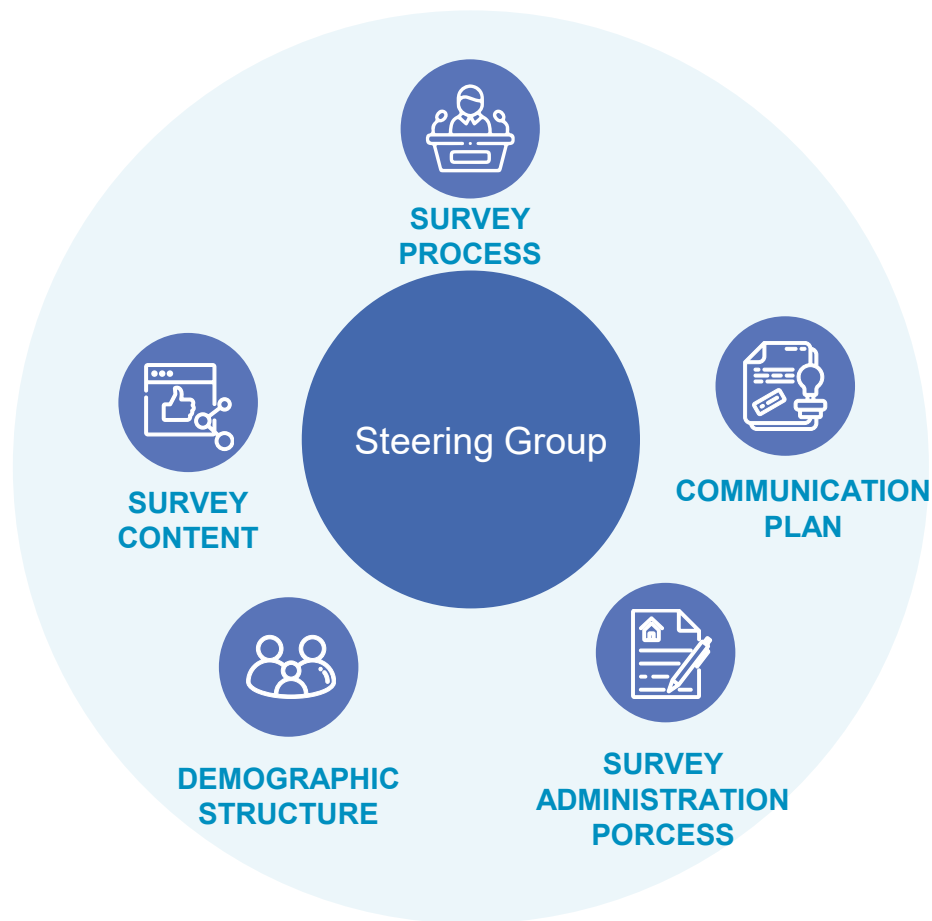
- “Shared views within a company of how **important** and **valued safety** is in daily organizational execution of jobs and routines.”
- **Safety priority** – emphasis on workplace safety when productivity pressure is high



# PSMS Culture Assessment Survey Steering Group



# Steering Group Deliverables



## Safety Culture Assessment Steering Group Activities

- Establish safety culture survey timeline
- Develop/revise survey items
- Create introduction content and definitions
- Design a common demographic worksheet for HRIS files
- Define paper, and email survey distribution process
- Create internal communication plan for both paper and email



# Measuring & Benchmarking Pipeline Safety Culture

## Pipeline Safety Culture Assessment Background & Benefits

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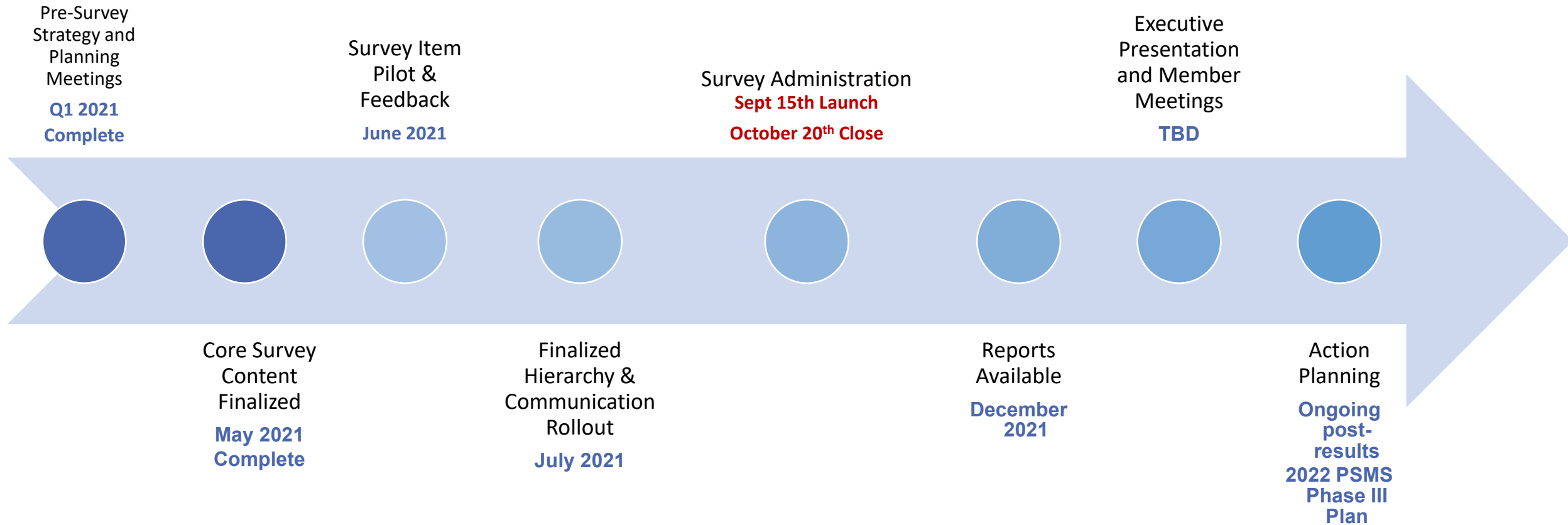
- ✓ Based on an established survey approach conducted by pipeline trade associations since 2013.
- ✓ Tangible indicator of safety that allows companies to benchmark compared to industry norms.
- ✓ Allows organizations to implement improvements and measure progress over time.
- ✓ Incorporates contractor organizations and embedded contractor crews in the survey.
- ✓ Organizations analyze results by organizational and demographic attributes.
- ✓ Includes partnerships with leading safety culture industrial psychologists.

### KEY PARTNERSHIP



- Northeast Gas Association (NGA)
- Southern Gas Association (SGA)
- Process Performance Improvement Consulting (P-PIC)
- University of Houston, Industrial Psychology Dept.

# Safety Culture Assessment Milestones





# NGA PSMS Collaborative Journey

## *Sustaining Advances in Pipeline Safety & Strengthening Safety Culture*

